SAFETY AND HEALTH PROGRAM EVALUATION

Date of Evaluation:				Company/Site:			
Evaluator Name:	A	Address:					
Management Representative:							
Based around seven core elements, these recommended practice tool to evaluate the current safety and health program to highlig	-	-	-				
MANAGEMENT LEADERSHIP	Not Started	Partially Achieved		COMMENTS			
Management implements and communicates a written, signed policy supporting the safety and health program.							
Management routinely demonstrates visible commitment to the safety and health program.							
Management defines specific expectations and measurable goals for the safety and health program, along with plans for achieving the goals.							
Management allocates appropriate resources to accomplish goals and manage the safety and health program.							
Management assigns responsibility and accountability for implementing and maintaining the safety and health program.							
Management encourages and recognizes worker							



WORKER PARTICIPATION	Not Started	Partially Achieved	Fully Achieved	COMMENTS
Employees are encouraged to participate in the safety and health program, have the means to participate, and feel comfortable participating and giving input on safety issues.				
Employees are trained on how to report an injury, illness, hazard, near miss, and any other safety concern. The reporting system is easily accessible.				
Employees report injuries, illnesses, hazards, near misses, and safety concerns without fear of a negative consequence.				
When workers report injuries or hazards, they are provided with a prompt acknowledgement of the report and also provided with updates as issues are addressed.				
Reports of hazards and incidents are resolved promptly with employee input and are tracked to completion. Resolutions are communicated to employees.				
Employees have access to information concerning hazards and control measures including incident investigation reports, injury and illness logs, safety data sheets, job hazard analyses, monitoring results, etc.				
The safety and health program involves employees in all aspects of development like assessing training needs, investigating incidents, and evaluating the program.				
Employees can participate in the safety and health program without encountering language, skill, or education barriers and they feel comfortable participating during work time.				
Employees have stop work authority and can halt unsafe work operations.				



HAZARD IDENTIFICATION AND ASSESSMENT	Not Started	Partially Achieved	Fully Achieved	COMMENTS
Data is reviewed to ensure hazards are recognized. Materials may include injury/illness logs, safety data sheets, medical reports, inspection results, incident reports, and manufacturer's info. These reviews occur at least annually and also when there are significant operational changes.				
The workplace or jobsite is inspected regularly to identify hazards. Inspections cover all areas, activities, equipment, and vehicles and includes work done by all types of workers.				
Before operational changes are made, a review is conducted to identify any safety or health issues. Employees are included in this 'change management' procedure.				
The worksite is evaluated using exposure monitoring to identify worker exposure to health hazards. Results found to be at or above occupational exposure limits are addressed.				
Injury, illness, hazard, near miss, and incident trends are analyzed, at least annually, to identify common causes.				
Incidents, near misses, and workers' concerns are investigated to identify the root cause.				
Hazards associated with emergencies are identified in the emergency action plan. Hazards associated with non-routine operations are identified in the operating procedures.				
Serious hazards are addressed immediately, and remaining hazards are prioritized for further control.				



HAZARD PREVENTION AND CONTROL	Not Started	Partially Achieved	Fully Achieved	COMMENTS
Options for effective hazard control methods are identified with guidance from authoritative sources such as OSHA, NIOSH, ANSI, ASME, NFPA, industry best practices and input provided by workers.				
Hazard control measures are selected according to the hierarchy of controls. The order of priority is 1) elimination, 2) substitution, 3) engineering controls, 4) administrative controls, and then finally 5) PPE.				
A hazard control plan prioritizes and tracks progress toward controlling hazards until completion.				
Controls are installed as soon as a hazard is identified.				
Temporary control measures are implemented for hazards while permanent control measures are being determined.				
Employees are involved in choosing, designing, and implementing control methods to ensure they are feasible, effective, and will be used properly.				
Hazard controls are in place to protect workers during emergencies and non-routine operations.				
Once implemented, control measures are monitored to ensure they are used and are effective.				
Implementation of controls is tracked to completion. Control measures are inspected and maintained.				



EDUCATION AND TRAINING	Not Started	Partially Achieved	Fully Achieved	COMMENTS
Employees understand the elements of the safety and health program, how it applies to their job in the organization, and how to participate in the program.				
Workers are empowered to raise concerns to management that can improve the safety and health program.				
Employees know how to report injuries, incidents, hazards, and safety concerns.				
The safety and health program provides a blame-free environment where workers can report incidents, hazards, and concerns without fear of a negative consequence.				
Employees who have assigned roles within the safety and health program have received training for those duties.				
Workers receive training on hazard recognition and effective hazard control techniques.				
Employees have the opportunity to ask questions, receive answers, and provide feedback during and after training.				
Employees (including managers) receive core safety and health competency training.				
Employees receive supplemental training when a change at work could introduce new hazards.				
Workers receive training in a language, and at a literacy level, that they can understand.				



PROGRAM EVALUATION AND IMPROVEMENT	Not Started	Partially Achieved	Fully Achieved	COMMENTS
Performance indicators that are measurable and quantifiable are used to track progress toward safety and health program goals.				
Performance of the safety and health program goals are tracked using both lagging and leading indicators, including indicators of program implementation, program participation, and program maturity.				
Performance data from the safety and health program are analyzed and shared with employees on a regular basis.				
Management performs reviews (at least annually) to evaluate the safety and health program to ensure that it is fully implemented, functioning as planned, and there is continual improvement.				
Employees are involved in the safety and health program review activities. This may be in the form of a program evaluation team, that includes workers from all levels.				
There are reviews to examine key processes to ensure that they are operating as intended. These processes may include incident reporting, inspections, hazard control, and performance monitoring.				
The safety and health program is modified as needed to correct deficiencies.				



CONTRACTORS AND STAFFING AGENCIES	Not Started	Partially Achieved	Fully Achieved	COMMENTS
Before contractors or staffing agencies bring their workers onsite, they and the host employers determine which among them will implement the various elements of the safety and health program and the decisions are documented.				
Before contractors or staffing agencies bring their workers onsite, host employers provide them access to information about the hazards they may encounter and the controls that are implemented.				
Contractors and staffing agencies inform the host employer about injuries, illnesses, hazards, or concerns reported by their employees, and the results of any tracking or trend analysis that they perform.				
Contractors and staffing agencies inform the host employer of any hazards arising from their work onsite and the controls in place to address those hazards.				
Before contractors or staffing agencies bring their workers onsite, the host employer gives them the opportunity to conduct site visits or inspections and to review injury and illness records and other safety and health information.				
Host employers communicate with contractors and staffing agencies and their workers about non-routine and emergency hazards and emergency procedures.				
Host employers establish safety and health performance requirements and expectations in bid documents and contracts.				



CONTRACTORS AND STAFFING AGENCIES	Not Started	Partially Achieved	Fully Achieved	COMMENTS
Host employers coordinate with contractors and staffing agencies to ensure that work is planned and scheduled to minimize impacts on safety and health.				
Staffing agency workers are adequately trained and equipped before arriving onsite.				
Host employer, contractor, and staffing agency policies and procedures are aligned to ensure that all workers receive consistent safety and health information.				
All workers have access to managers with decision-making authority that can resolve any coordination issues or discrepancies.				
Notes and Recommendations				

This checklist has been designed based on OSHA's Recommended Practices for Safety and Health Programs. Additional resources, including tools, downloads, a step-by-step guide, and case studies, can be found at osha.gov/safety-management.

